

# Strategic Giving Session III The Corporation

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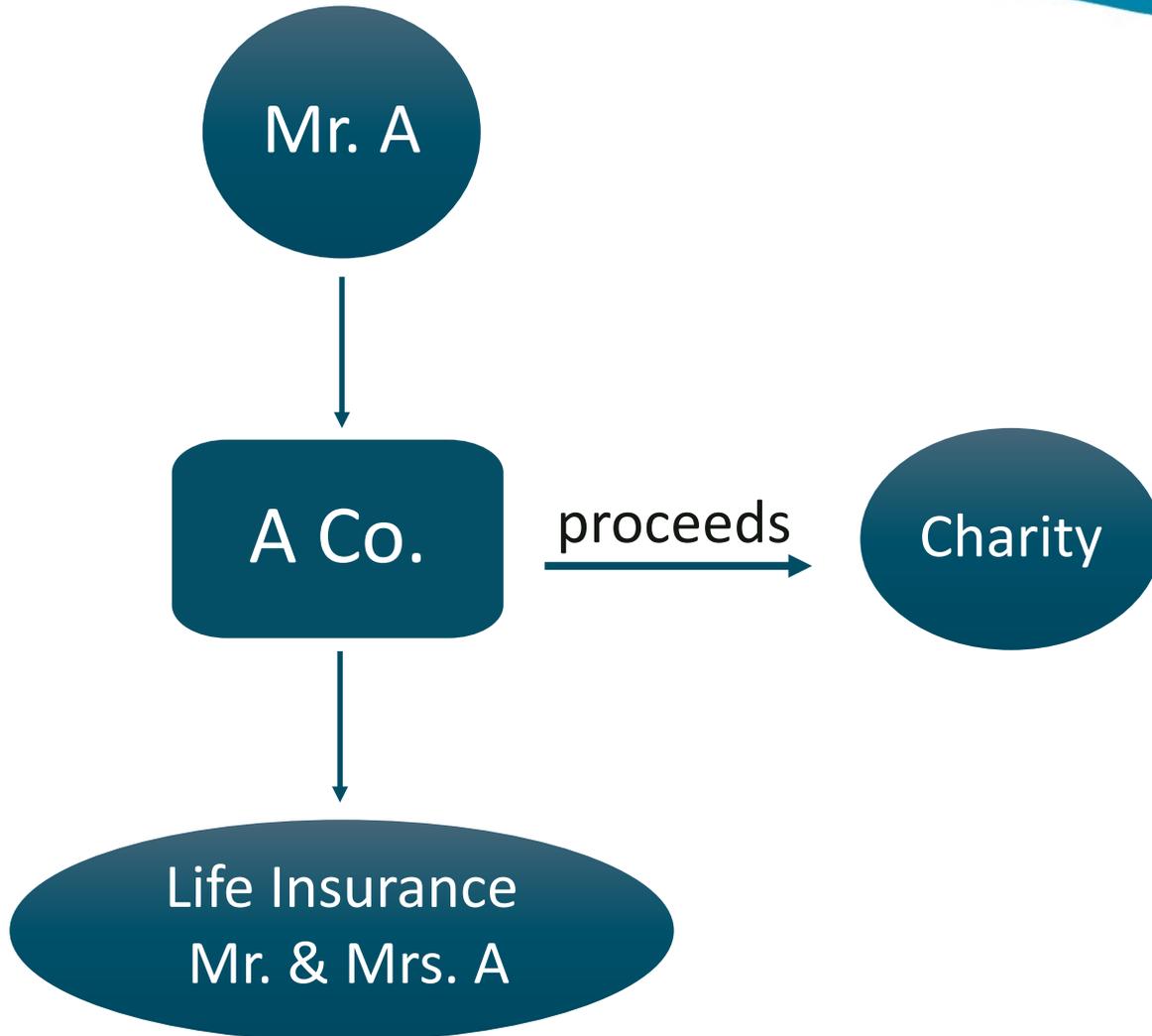


PearTree

- A private Canadian operating company- OPCO
- Often has a lower tax rate- small business deduction- incentive for Canadians to run businesses in companies.
- If OPCO is owned by a parent company, HOLDCO, OPCO can pay tax-free dividends to HOLDCO
- To diversify, excess cash in OPCO is sent to HOLDCO to invest, lots of HOLDCOs

- Dividends from Canada public- special tax- refundable (a)
- Dividends from US public- taxable income
- Interest income- taxable income
- 50% of capital gains- taxable income
- Taxable income- high rate 46-53%- 28% refundable (b)
- When taxable dividends paid- about 38% is refundable from a and b.
- Called integration- the same net tax earned by the company or individual

- Tax-free amounts
  - 1) Insurance proceeds on death
  - 2) The other 50% of capital gains
  - 3) 100% of the gain on a gift of marketable securities
- Goes into CDA
- Tax-free dividends



Taxable Income:	\$1,000,000
Will Gift:	<u>\$1,000,000</u>
Tax:	\$0.00
Tax Saving	\$480,000
Insurance Cost	?

- Corporation to purchase \$1,000,000 life insurance policy on last to die basis
- On last to die, donors leave \$1,000,000 in their wills to A
- At the second death, the corporation will receive \$1,000,000 tax free
- The corporation will remit \$1,000,000 tax free to the estate to pay will gift
- The deceased final tax return will utilize a \$1,000,000 tax receipt from A, saving \$480,000 of tax

# Estate Planning - Illustration



Year	Premium	PV at 4.5%
1	\$ 37,200	\$ 37,200
2	\$ 37,200	\$ 35,598
3	\$ 37,200	\$ 34,065
4	\$ 37,200	\$ 32,598
5	\$ 37,200	\$ 31,194
6	\$ 37,200	\$ 29,851
7	\$ 37,200	\$ 28,566
8	\$ 37,200	\$ 27,336
9	\$ 37,200	\$ 26,158
10	\$ 37,200	\$ 25,032
11	\$ 37,200	\$ 23,954
12	\$ 37,200	\$ 22,923
		<u>\$ 354,476</u>

## Present value of financial considerations

Life expectancy based on life insurance tables

- Estate savings                   \$ 480,000
- 12 years at 4.5%               \$ 283,039

- The cost of life insurance, at present value is \$354,476
- With no life insurance purchase, the corporation would transfer to the estate \$354,476 on which the estate would pay 24% tax, leaving the estate with \$269,402
- The estate will save \$480,000 on the deceased final tax return which, at present value represents \$283,039
- The net cost of creating \$1,000,000 of charity is a saving of \$13,637
- Add in marketable securities angle

## Example:

Holdco makes a gift of \$500,000 worth of securities to A.

Adjusted cost base = \$100,000

Capital Gain = \$400,000

## Tax Implications:

Since for Federal and provincial tax purposes there is no taxable capital gain, the full \$400,000 flows through to Holdco's CDA and can be paid out tax free to the shareholders of Holdco.

- Receipt of \$500,000 saves \$250,000 of cash tax
- Extra CDA is \$200,000- to get the shareholder \$200,000 after tax, pay a \$320,000 dividend
- Savings \$120,000 plus \$250,000; cost of gift \$130,000 or 26%

- The high tech public company wonder
- When a private company goes public the shareholders convert their private company shares into public company shares- a tax rollover. So usually low ACB.
- So big gain exempted on gift; and very big CDA.
- Perhaps gifts and sells shares in HOLDCO
- And removes cash in HOLDCO with CDA

- Inherited the HOLDCO from her husband
- Lots of investments within; done well in the stock bull market; just lets things grow; does not need funds from HOLDCO
- HOLDCO is worth \$5m; at death assuming \$0 ACB will have a \$5m gain, \$2.5m taxable, \$1.25m tax.

- HOLDCO donates the \$500,000 of securities
- Besides the norm- tax deduction, no capital gains tax what else has happened
- After the gift HOLDCO is worth \$4.5m; pay out the CDA of \$400,000 as a tax-free dividend; HOLDCO is worth \$4.1m. If June passes away the tax bill has been reduced by \$225,000!!!!!!!
- We are combining estate and gift planning
- We will come back to Jane

- Usually not exploration; often development write off- not 100%- is 30% over a few years
- The value achieved is via the CDA
- When the corporation sells and gifts the shares a capital gain is realized. 50% of the gain enters the CDA. Cost of donation low because of value of CDA.
- Corporate good because companies can have lots of income
- Not good if CDA has little value to the company

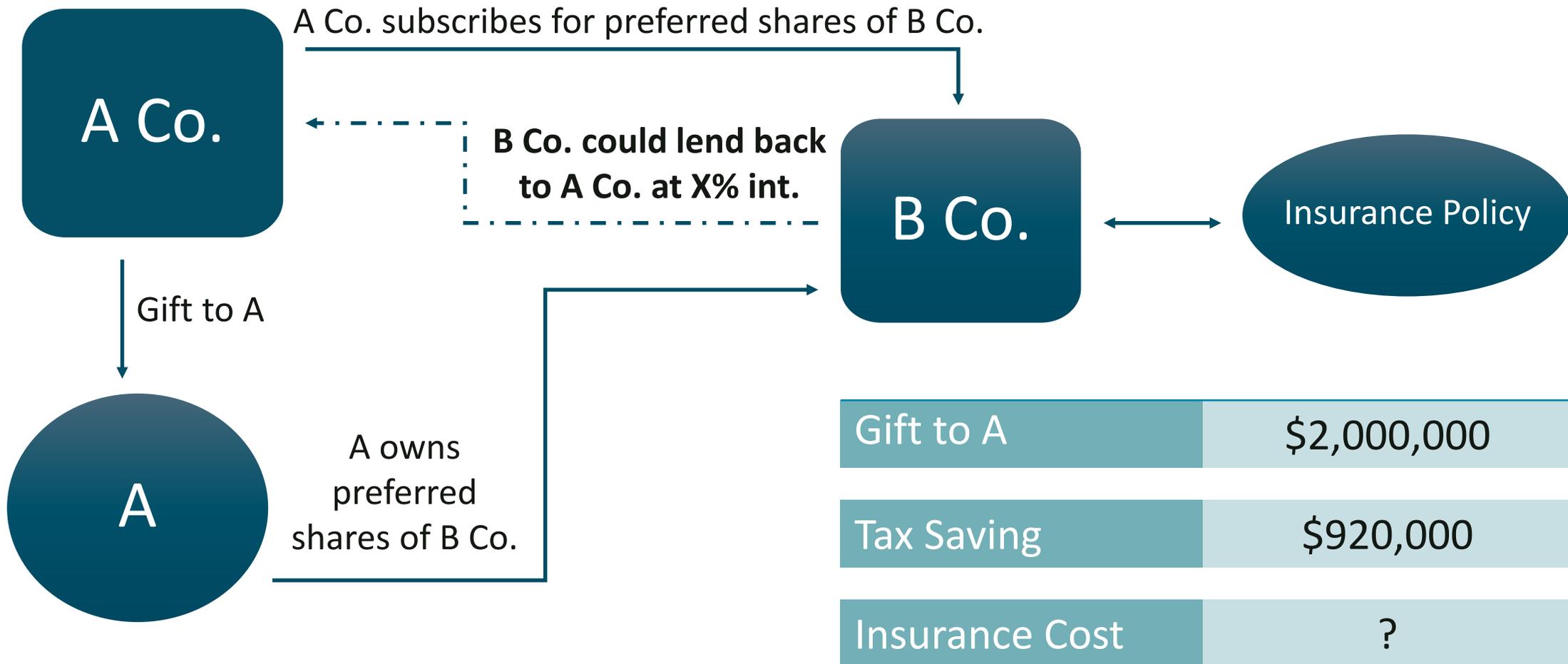
- 1) June preferred shares- estate planning
- 2) Super capital gains exemption shares
- 3) The transaction- cumulative preferred shares

- Owns shares of HOLDCO; looming estate tax
- What if she annually donates some shares
- with the shares redeemed immediately
  - For every \$100 of shares donated, \$50 of taxable capital gains realized; \$50 of excess receipt applies against personal pension income
  - of course eliminates estate taxes on shares donated

- Donate \$100,000 shares
- Receipt \$100,000 Tax Cap Gain \$50,000
- Save tax on \$50,000 or \$25,000
- Shares redeemed for \$100,000
- Estate taxes saved \$25,000
- Redemption could yield a dividend refund

- Small businesses and farms
- Capital gains exemption
- Crystallized- created the capital gain
- Often donor owned say \$750,000 of preferred shares- full ACB
- If redeemed taxable dividend
- Donated no gain; full receipt; save 53%
- Redeemed – dividend refund- 38%

# Cumulative Preferred Shares



<b>Cash Flow for Donor</b>	Gift of preferred shares	\$ 2,000,000
	Insurance premiums	\$ (402,882)
	Tax savings	\$ 920,000
	Net cost for donor	\$ 517,118
<b>Benefit For Estate</b>	CDA benefit – tax savings on taxable dividend	\$ 218,638
<b>Total Net For Donor’s Family</b>	Life expectancy 25 years, interest 4.5%	\$ 735,755

- Cumulative preferred
- Annual dividends to A
- Dividends can yield a dividend refund

- 1) A transaction happens in HOLDSCO
- 2) Search for parent company, subsidiary, sister company. SISCO
- 3) Ensure SISCO has authorized capital of cumulative preferred
- 4) HOLDSCO invests in cumulative preferred of SISCO
- 5) Before year end HOLDSCO donates preferred to A.
- 6) Independent valuator values preferred; based on valuation A issues receipt to HOLDSCO.
- 6) Annually SISCO pays dividends to A; PICK A PERCENTAGE
- 7) SISCO or HOLDSCO takes out insurance
- 8) At death, using insurance proceeds SISCO redeems shares owned by A.

- To receive a receipt
  - 1) if monetized
  - 2) or gifted to a public charity at arms length with donor;  
cannot be on the board

See you!!!  
October 26, 2021  
10:30 am EST